

Pfizer / BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine Information Sheet

Please read this information sheet carefully and ensure all your questions have been answered by a health care provider before receiving the vaccine

The Pfizer / BioNTech vaccine was authorized for use by Health Canada under an [Interim Order](#) on December 9, 2020. An Interim Order allows authorization of the vaccine more rapidly to respond to a public health emergency while following requirements to ensure the health and safety of Canadians.

- **COVID-19** is an infectious disease caused by a new coronavirus (SARS-CoV-2). COVID-19 was recognized for the first time in December 2019 and has since spread around the world to cause a pandemic. The virus that causes COVID-19 is mainly passed from an infected person to others when the infected person coughs, sneezes, sings, talks or breathes. It is important to note that infected people can spread the infection even if they have no symptoms.
- [Symptoms of COVID-19](#) can include cough, shortness of breath, fever, chills, tiredness and loss of smell or taste. Some people infected with the virus have no symptoms at all, while others have symptoms that range from mild to severe.
- [1 in 13 people diagnosed with COVID-19 in Canada](#) require hospitalization and about 3 out of every 100 people die. Even people with mild symptoms may feel unwell for a long time after a COVID-19 infection.

How does the Pfizer / BioNTech vaccine protect against COVID-19?

- The vaccine causes our body to produce protection (such as **antibodies**) to help keep us from becoming sick if we are exposed to the COVID-19 virus. The vaccine uses messenger RNA (mRNA) to help our body make protection against the virus.
- In a large study where people were given 2 doses of the vaccine, the vaccine was shown to work very well at preventing people from becoming sick with COVID-19. The immunized group of people was much less likely (95% less likely) to become sick with COVID-19 in the weeks after vaccination compared to the group that did not receive the vaccine.

Who can receive the COVID-19 vaccine at this time?

- Public health officials will provide information on which groups of people are able to receive the vaccine at this time based on several factors including who is at high risk of COVID-19 infection and severe disease, as well as the amount of vaccine available.
- Current evidence suggests reinfection is uncommon in the 90 days after initial infection, thus it is recommended that persons with documented acute infection in the preceding 90 days should defer vaccination until the end of this period.

Who should not have the COVID-19 vaccine?

Check with your healthcare provider or a public health nurse before you get this vaccine if you:

- have an allergy to any of the vaccine ingredients
- had a severe or unusual side effect after this vaccine or one like it
- are younger than 16 years old
- have had another vaccine in the last 2 weeks
- have received a monoclonal antibody or convalescent plasma for treatment or prevention of COVID-19
- have received a transplant
- If you have any symptoms that could be due to COVID-19, you should not go out to get vaccinated because you could spread the infection to others. Talk with your health care provider, or call 811, about your symptoms and getting a COVID-19 test. Your health care provider will advise you when you are able to receive the vaccine.
- If you belong to one of the following groups, contact your health care provider prior to receiving:
 - have a weak immune system (due to medicine or a health problem)
 - have an autoimmune disorder (like rheumatoid arthritis or lupus)
 - are pregnant, planning to become pregnant or breastfeeding

Always tell your healthcare provider if you have allergies or if you have had a side effect from a vaccine, medication or other product in the past.

How is the vaccine administered?

The vaccine is given as a needle in the upper arm muscle and will require two doses given 21 to 28 days apart.

For more information please speak with the person providing the vaccine or contact your local public health office, your physician, nurse practitioner, or by calling 811.

What are common reactions to this vaccine?

- In a large study, half of the people who received the Pfizer/BioNTech vaccine were monitored for at least two months and no serious side effects have been found to-date. People who have received the vaccine in studies continue to be monitored for any longer term side effects.
- Side effects can develop in the day or two after receiving the vaccine. Although these side effects are not serious to your health, they may make you feel unwell for a day or two; they will go away on their own. These types of side **effects are expected** and can indicate the vaccine is working to produce protection. In the study, side effects included one or more of the following:
 - enlarged lymph nodes in the underarm
 - pain or swelling where the needle was given
 - tiredness
 - headache
 - muscle pain, stiffness
 - joint pain
 - chills
 - fever
- Rarely allergic reactions can occur after receiving a vaccine. Symptoms of an allergic reaction include hives (bumps on the skin that are often very itchy), swelling of your face, tongue or throat, or difficulty breathing. The clinic staff are prepared to manage an allergic reaction should it occur. Seek immediate medical care if you develop any of these symptoms.
- It is important to note that **you cannot get COVID-19 infection from the vaccine.**

Report any adverse or unexpected reactions to your public health nurse, employee health and safety practitioner, physician or nurse practitioner as soon as possible.

What measures have been put in place to safely provide immunizations during COVID-19?

Health care providers are being very careful to prevent the spread of COVID-19 when offering immunizations. Examples of extra safety measures include the following:

- You will be asked about any COVID-19 symptoms when you arrive at the clinic. People with symptoms of COVID-19 should not attend the clinic.
- You will be asked to wear a mask while at the clinic, as well as to clean your hands, and to stay at least 2 metres (6 feet) from others (except those you live with).
- The staff will also be wearing personal protective equipment and will be cleaning their hands before and after each client.
- Other measures may also be put in place in clinics. Be sure to read and follow any signs or instructions provided.

What should you do after receiving the vaccine?

- You will be asked to **wait at least 15 minutes after receiving** the vaccine to be sure you are feeling well. Longer waiting times of 30 minutes may be recommended if there is concern about a possible vaccine allergy. You may be asked by the health care provider to wait in the clinic, or if an adult is with you and you have a warm, dry place to wait (such as in your vehicle), you may be asked to wait outside of the clinic. Inform a health care provider right away if you feel unwell while waiting. You should not leave the clinic (or clinic parking lot) for at least 15 to 30 minutes after receiving your vaccine, based on the recommendation of the health care provider.
- **Once you leave the clinic, call 9-1-1 right away if you develop any serious symptoms or symptoms of an allergic reaction** such as hives (bumps on the skin that are often very itchy), swelling of your face, tongue or throat, or difficulty breathing. Inform your health care provider of any concerning side effects after receiving the vaccine.
- **Continue to follow the recommendations of local public health officials** to prevent spread of COVID-19, which may include wearing a mask, staying at least 2 metres from others and limiting / avoiding contact with others outside your household.
- **Do not receive any other vaccines (except for your second COVID-19 vaccine)** until you have received both doses of the COVID-19 vaccines and at least 28 days have passed after the second dose.
- **The recommendation is to avoid pregnancy until one month after your second dose.**
- **Keep your immunization record** with information about the COVID-19 vaccine in a safe place.

When should I return for my second dose?

If this is your first dose of the COVID-19 vaccine, be sure to return for your second dose in 21 to 42 days. This is very important to ensure the vaccine works well. You may be asked to book an appointment to receive the next dose. Bring your immunization record with you when you come for your next dose.

What does this vaccine contain?

Medicinal ingredient: mRNA. Non-medicinal ingredients: ALC-0315 = ((4-hydroxybutyl)azanediyl)bis(hexane-6,1-diyl)bis(2-hexyldecanoate), ALC-0159 = 2-[[poly(ethylene glycol)](PEG)-2000]-N,N-ditetradecylacetamide, 1,2-distearoyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphocholine, dibasic sodium phosphate dihydrate, monobasic potassium phosphate, water for injection, sodium chloride,



To ensure that a complete immunization record is maintained, immunizations will be documented into the electronic provincial immunization registry, known as Panorama. These immunization records may also be shared with health care professionals in order to provide public health services; assist with diagnosis and treatment; and to control the spread of vaccine preventable diseases. Panorama is a secure electronic system used in Saskatchewan to record and manage immunization records and the health information related to immunization for all Saskatchewan residents.